

Unit 2: Faith and Worship*

Tawheed (Monotheism)

1. What is the literal and technical meaning of Shirk?

Shirk literally means partnership or association. Technically, Shirk means attributing divinity to someone or something other than Allah or associating partners with Allah.

Risalat (Prophethood)

1. What is the concept of Risalat?

Risalat refers to the belief in all prophets and messengers sent by Allah, starting from Prophet Adam (AS) to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

2. What is the difference between a Nabi and a Rasul?

A Nabi is a prophet who receives revelation from Allah, while a Rasul is a messenger who is sent with a new Shariah or law.

3. What is Wahy?

Wahy refers to the revelation or message sent by Allah to His prophets.

4. What are the types of Wahy?

There are two types of Wahy: Wahy Matlu (Quran) and Wahy Ghair Matlu (Hadith).

Mala'ikah (Angels)

1. What are Mala'ikah?

Mala'ikah are angels, created by Allah from light, who obey His commands.

2. What are the attributes of Mala'ikah?

Mala'ikah have no specific shape or form, can take human form by Allah's command, and are obedient to Allah.

Kutub Samawiyah (Divine Books)

1. What are Kutub Samawiyah?

Kutub Samawiyah refer to the divine books revealed by Allah to His prophets.

2. What was the common message in all divine books?

The common message in all divine books was the belief in one God (Tawheed) and moral teachings.

Akhirah (Hereafter)

1. What is the concept of Akhirah?

Akhirah refers to the belief in the afterlife, where every individual will be accountable for their deeds.

2. What is the purpose of the Day of Judgment?

The purpose of the Day of Judgment is to reward or punish individuals based on their deeds.

Philosophy of Salah (Prayer)

1. When was Salah made obligatory?

Salah was made obligatory during the Night Journey (Isra' wal Miraj).

2. What is the purpose of Salah?

The purpose of Salah is to attain closeness to Allah and to seek His guidance.

Philosophy of Zakat (Charity)

1. When was Zakat made obligatory?

Zakat was made obligatory in the 2nd year of Hijrah.

2. What is the purpose of Zakat?

The purpose of Zakat is to purify one's wealth and to help the needy.

Philosophy of Sawm (Fasting)

1. What is Sawm?

Sawm refers to fasting, which is abstaining from food and drink from dawn to sunset.

2. What is the purpose of Sawm?

The purpose of Sawm is to attain Taqwa (piety) and self-control.

Philosophy of Hajj (Pilgrimage)

1. What is Hajj?

Hajj is a pilgrimage to the House of Allah (Ka'bah) in Makkah, performed once in a lifetime by those who are physically and financially able.

2. What is the purpose of Hajj?

The purpose of Hajj is to attain closeness to Allah and to seek His forgiveness.

I hope this translation helps! Let me know if you have any further requests.