

- Q.1.** Four answers are given for each question. Select the correct one.
- i) The fundamental particles of an atom are:
(a) Electron, positron, neutron (b) Electron, proton, neutron
(c) Electron, neutrino, proton (d) Electron, positron, meson
 - ii) Proton was discovered by:
(a) Gold Stein (b) Chadwick
(c) Thomson (d) W. Crooks
 - iii) The colour of the glow inside the discharge tube depends upon:
(a) Nature of discharge tube (b) Nature of the gas
(c) Nature of cathode (d) Nature of anode
 - iv) The mass of electron is almost equal to:
(a) Hydrogen atom (b) Proton
(c) Neutron (d) Positron
 - v) How many times the second orbit of hydrogen atom is away from nucleus:
(a) Four (b) Six
(c) Nine (d) Sixteen
 - vi) Which one of the following elements is NOT radioactive:
(a) Uranium (b) Polonium
(c) Radium (d) Germanium
 - vii) The properties of elements are determined by:
(a) Atomic mass (b) Mass number
(c) Atomic number (d) All of these
 - viii) When 6s orbital is complete, the entering electron goes into:
(a) 7s (b) 6p
(c) 5d (d) 4f
 - ix) If n is equal to 4, then l is equal to:
(a) 0 (b) 0, 1
(c) 0, 1, 2 (d) 0, 1, 2, 3
 - x) How many electrons an orbital can accommodate:
(a) 14 (b) 10
(c) 6 (d) 2